

9th CBLA SIG - 30 May 2019

"Multilingual assessment competences and practices in Europe: ENRICH Erasmus+"

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English as a Lingua Franca practices for inclusive multilingual classrooms



MULTILINGUALISM IN EUROPEAN SCHOOL POPULATION

- New language landscapes & emerging scenarios
- Increasing flow of migration & multilingual population
- New European policies for multilingualism
- Inclusive educational practices
- Need to increase teachers' competence of multilingualism

ELF (English as a Lingua Franca) - multilingual means of communication

- "[English is no longer] English as we have known it, and have taught it in the past as a foreign language," but "a new phenomenon" now recognized as English as a Lingua Franca. (Graddol 2006: 11)
- "In aiming to teach and learn English in ways that would allow for effective communication across linguistic and cultural boundaries the focus of the classroom moves from the acquisition of the norms associated with a standard model to a focus on learning linguistic features, cultural information and communication strategies that will facilitate communication." (Kirkpatrick, 2007: 19)

EFL: a gradual shift from the notion of *correctness* to *appropriateness* and *intelligibility*

The ENRICH Project

"English as a Lingua Franca Practices for Inclusive Multilingual Classrooms"

ENRICH

https://ec.europa.eu/programmes/erasmus-plus/projects/eplus-projectdetails/#project/2018-1-EL01-KA201-047894



UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUD













The ENRICH project

Aim:

- Promotion of teacher competences that are crucial for responding to and building upon the diversity found in today's multilingual classrooms across Europe.
- Develop a high-quality Continuous Professional Development (CPD) infrastructure which will empower English language teachers (ELTs) to integrate the current role of English as a Lingua Franca in multilingual classrooms.

Phases of ENRICH

Needs Analysis (Survey questionnaire for Teachers/Students & Focus Groups w Students)



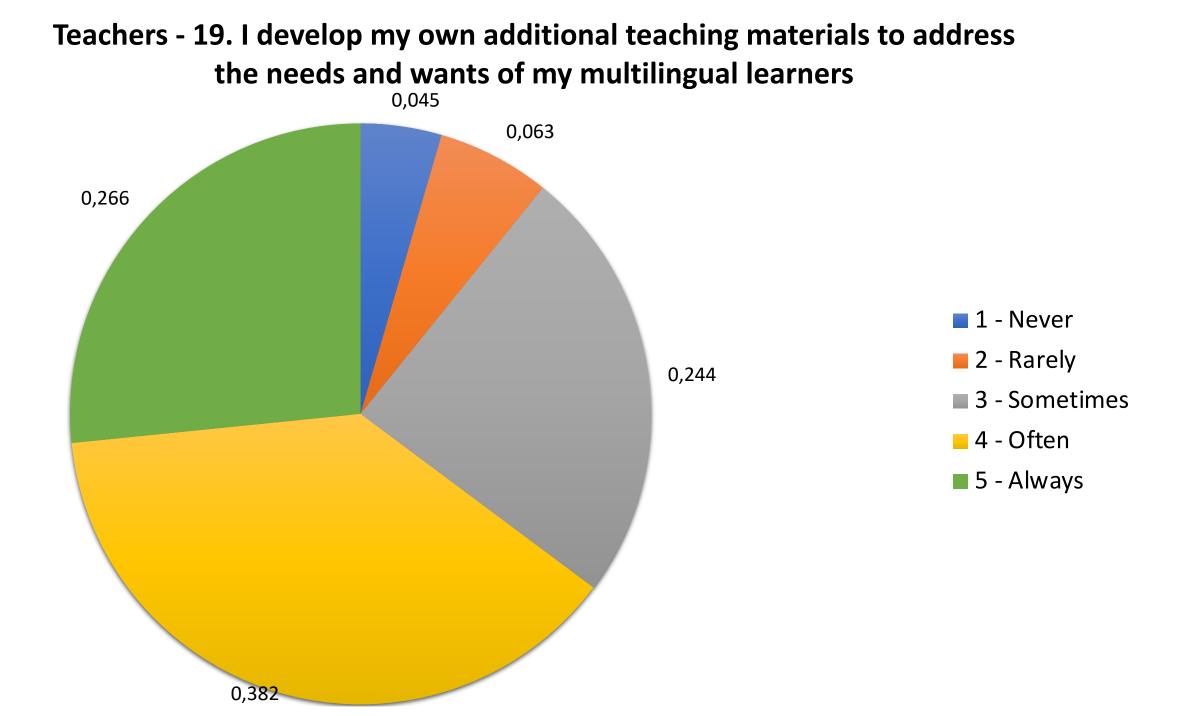
Teachers' Questionnaire: 620 teachers

			Gender				First language					
Teachers' age	Frequency	Percentage	Female	532	85,8	3	3 Native English speakers 8 Bilingual speakers					
25 or under	80	12,9	Male	88	14,2	8						
26-35	105	16,9										
36-45	183	29,5	Countries	FR	EQUENCY	PERCE	NTAGE					
	178	28,7	GREECE		151	24	1,4%					
46-55			ITALY		107 110		7.3%					
56 +	74	11,9	NORWAY				7.7%					
			PORTUGAL		133	21	L,5%					
			TURKEY		119	19	9,2%					

TEACHERS' Q.aire

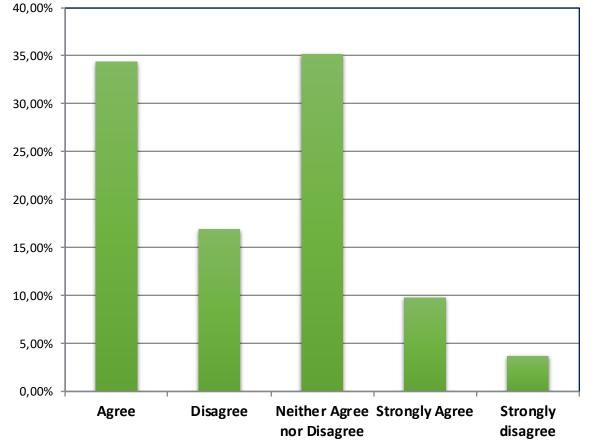
Investigating teachers':

- professional profile
- current classroom practice
- awareness of multilingualism in the school population
- awareness of current status of English and its different instantiations
- personal beliefs and attitudes as for native/non-native, language models etc.
- classroom assessment practice

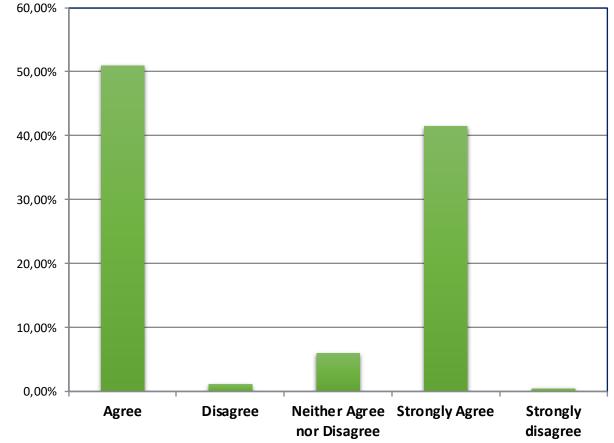


Teachers' Q.aire: Teachers' attitudes & beliefs

Question 30. Teachers of English should have native-like pronunciation.

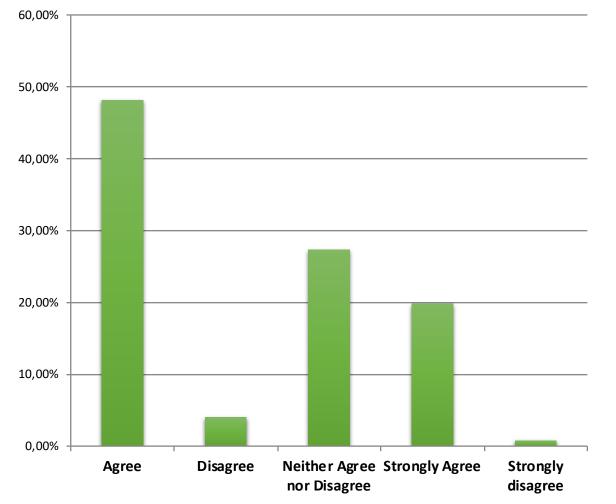


Question 31. Non-native teachers can be good language models

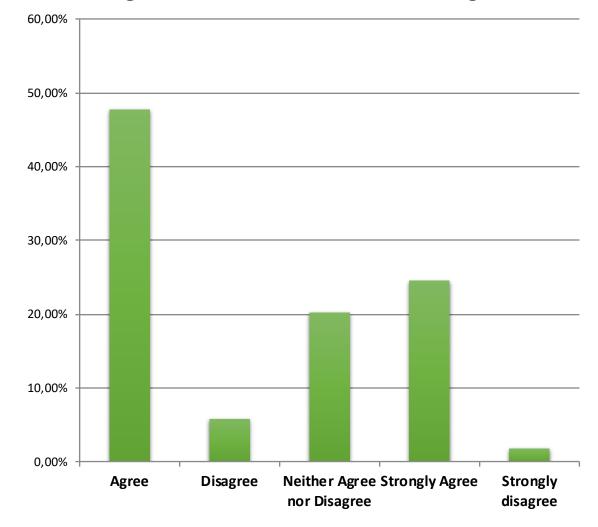


Teachers' Q.aire: Teachers' attitudes & beliefs

Question 36 - It is important that I integrate examples of English used by non-native speakers in my teaching



Question 39 - The current status of English as a global language implies that non-native uses of English are as valid as native uses of English

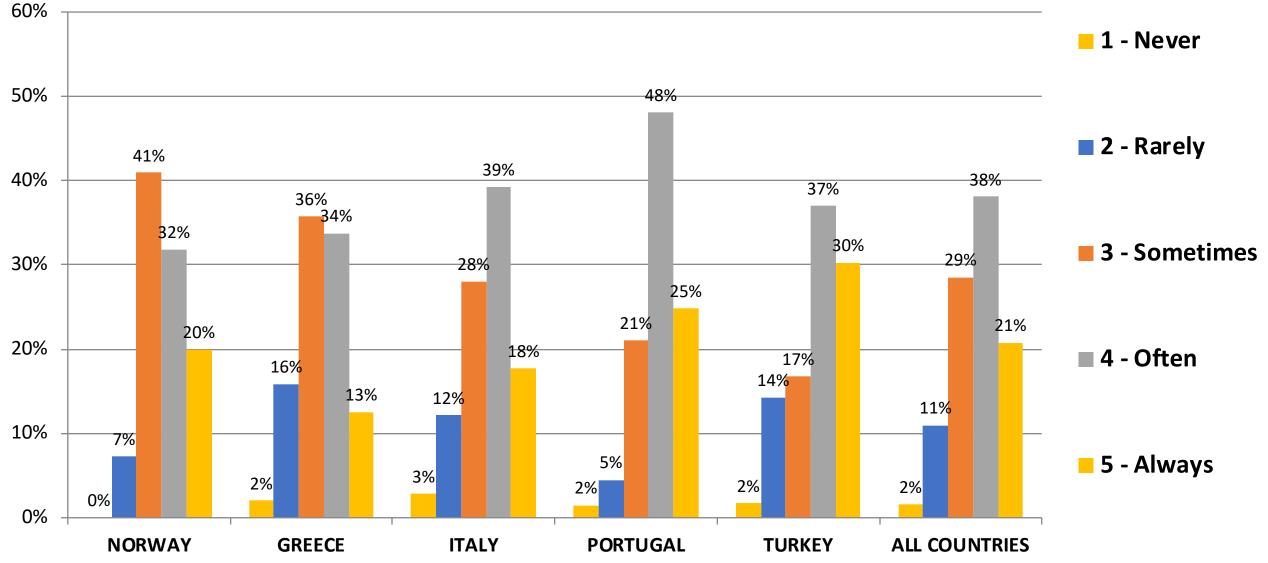


TEACHERS' Q.aire:

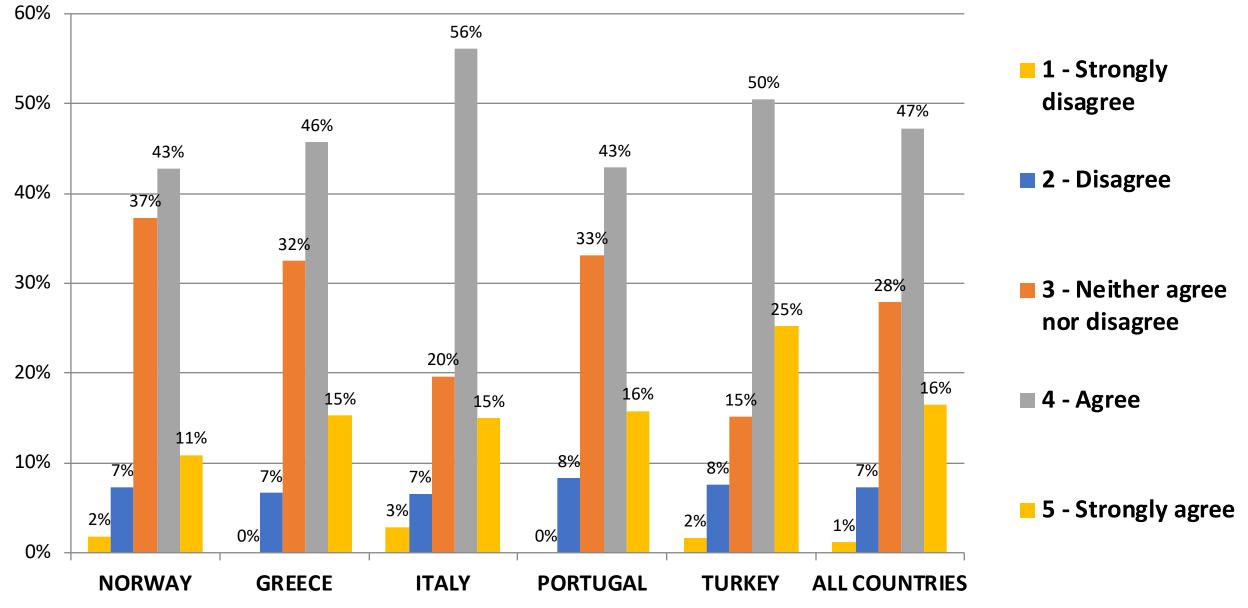
Teachers' <u>conceptions</u> and <u>practices of assessment</u> within their multilingual contexts:

- In my teaching, I incorporate methods of alternative assessment (e.g. self assessment and peer assessment)
- English language standard tests should also include interactions involving non-native speakers
- When assessing their own learners' spoken and written production and interactions, teachers should mainly focus on what is intelligibl

23. In my teaching, I incorporate methods of alternative assessment (e.g. self assessment and peer assessment)



37. English language standard tests should also include interactions involving non-native speakers



and interactions, teachers should mainly focus on what is intelligible 60% 56% 50% 1 - Strongly 50% 48% 48% disagree 44% 39% 40% **2** - Disagree 35% 30% 26% 26% 26% 3 - Neither agree 25% 23% nor disagree 19% 20% 15% 14% 14% 13% **4** - Agree 13% 13% 11% 9% 10% 7% 7% 6% 5% 3% 2% 2% 2% 5 - Strongly agree 1% 0% **NORWAY** GREECE **ITALY** PORTUGAL TURKEY ALL

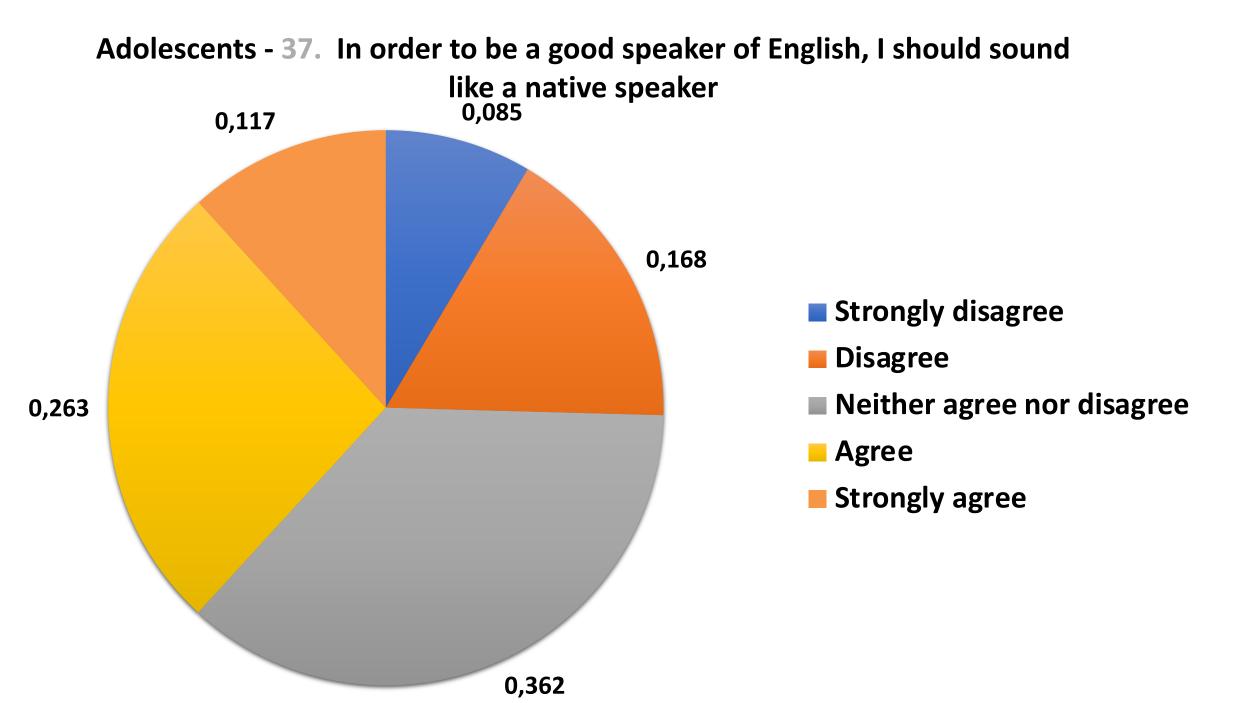
38. When assessing their own learners' spoken and written production

COUNTRIES

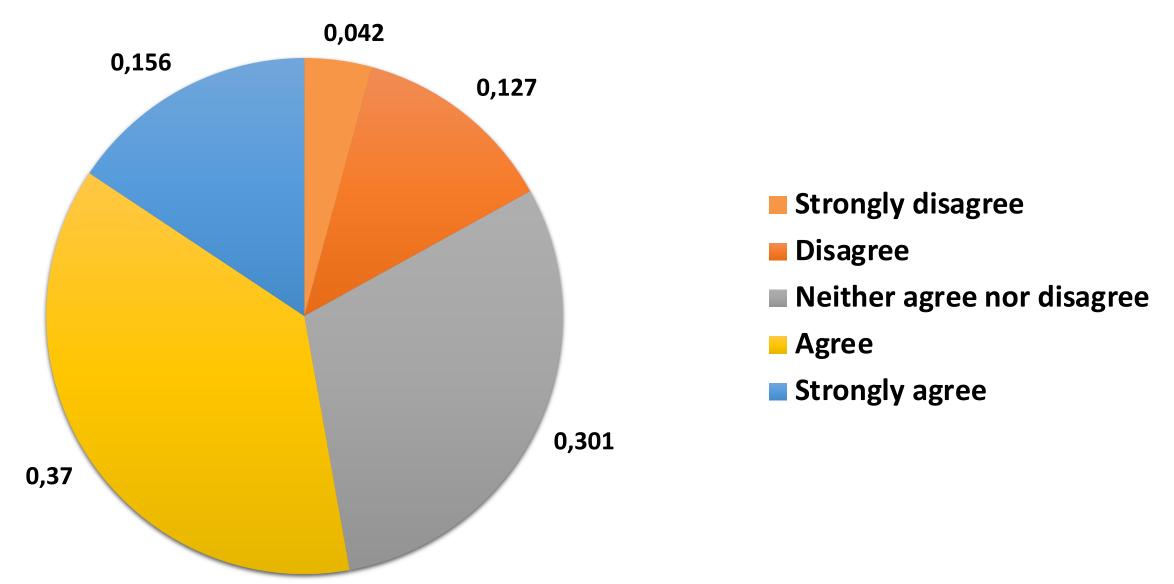
Students' Questionnaire: learners' self-perception, awareness of standard English models

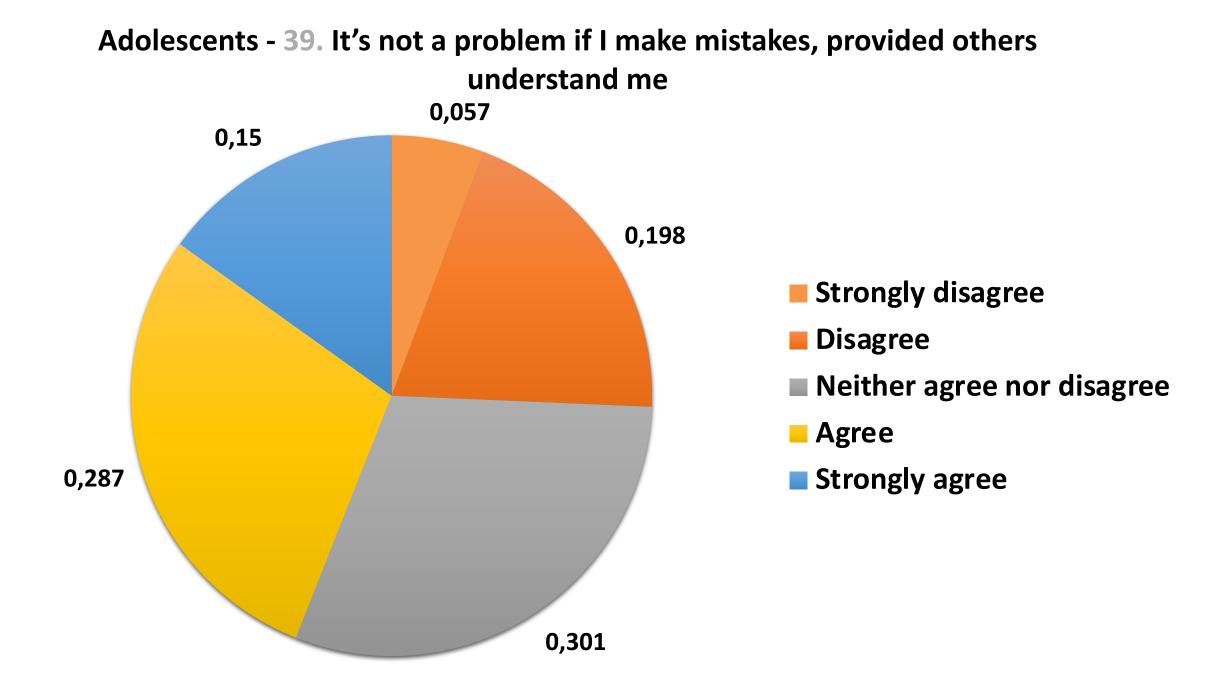
Greece	140	27,7%				
Italy	137	27,1%				
Norway	54	10,7%				
Portugal	100	19,8%				
Turkey	74	14,7%				
Total	505	100,0				

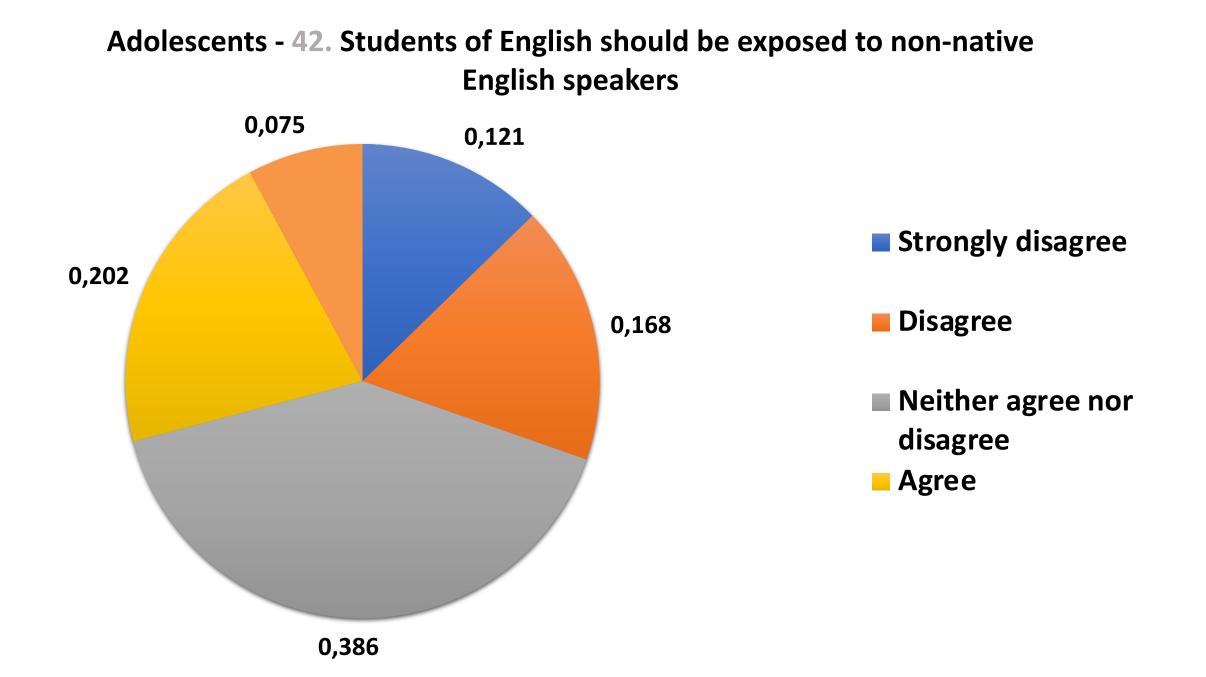
			4. How old are you?									
				14	15	16	17	18	18+	Over 18	Under 14	Total
1. Which country do you	Greece	Count	0	40	42	41	17	0	0	0	0	14
currently live in?		%	0,0%	28,6%	30,0%	29,3%	12,1%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	100,09
	Italy	Count	1	0	1	12	93	26	0	4	0	13
		%	0,7%	0,0%	0,7%	8,8%	67,9%	19,0%	0,0%	2,9%	0,0%	100,0
	Norway	Count	0	0	44	10	0	0	0	0	0	5
		%	0,0%	0,0%	81,5%	18,5%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	100,0
	Portugal	Count	0	50	19	22	4	4	1	0	0	10
		%	0,0%	50,0%	19,0%	22,0%	4,0%	4,0%	1,0%	0,0%	0,0%	100,0
	Turkey	Count	0	47	3	0	0	0	0	0	24	7
		%	0,0%	63,5%	4,1%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	32,4%	100,0
Total		Count	1	137	109	85	114	30	1	4	24	50
		%	0,2%	27,1%	21,6%	16,8%	22,6%	5,9%	0,2%	0,8%	4,8%	100,0



Adolescents - 38. In order to be a good speaker of English, I should not make grammatical mistakes







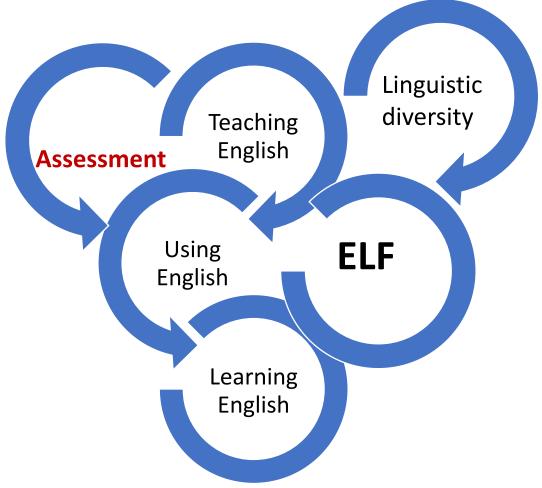
Phases of ENRICH

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Implications for teacher education: on-line CPD



The ENRICH On-line course

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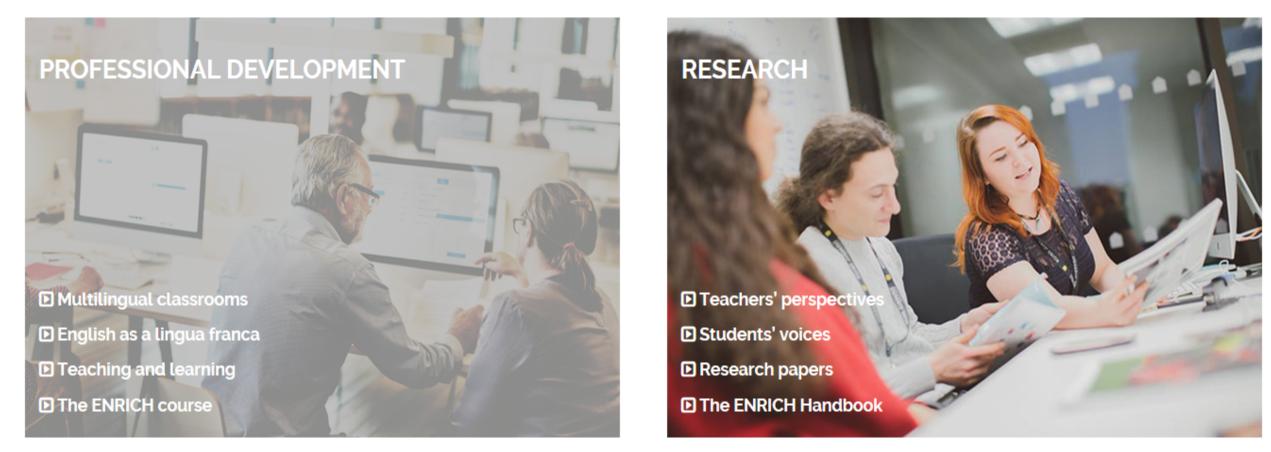
http://150.140.28.114/enrich/index.php





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Thank you!

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